

SUGAR TRUST HAS HAD BIG DRAWBACK ON IMPORTATIONS

Senate Adopts Resolution Stopping Rebates On Foreign Sugars Sent Out As Refined

INORDINATE PROFITS BY MANUFACTURERS CONDEMNED

Senator Broussard Wants Relief From Taxes Which Should Be Borne By Corporations

Senator Robert F. Broussard of Louisiana recently presented a resolution, which was adopted in the senate, to repeal that section of the Underwood Tariff Act which allows rebates on duty to manufacturers and refiners on sugar of foreign origin when re-exported to foreign countries. Following this the senator from Louisiana wrote an open letter to J. B. Chaffin, secretary of the American Cane Growers' Association, with headquarters in New Orleans, fully explaining the reasons why he advocates the adoption of this resolution. This letter in part is as follows:

"At the present time, when the people of the United States are being taxed in extraordinary ways, and when congress is about to add to these unusual taxes, it is proper, before these additional taxes are placed upon the people that any largesses extended by our government to its manufacturing class should cease.

"In other words, I believe that those who are benefited out of the treasury from a motive of pure bounty on the part of our government, should be required to forego such advantages at least during the period of these extraordinary taxes. Many senators who have spoken to me on the subject are also of the opinion that this should be done.

To Save Eight Millions

"What saving would result is not known because the information sought, through the medium of my resolution, has not yet been given to the senate. We know, however, that the drawbacks on sugar which were small before the European war, were, since that time, any time a million of dollars, and last year in excess of five million, and this year, I am informed, have already reached the sum of about eight million dollars. What is it on other manufactured articles, exported under similar conditions as is sugar, I am not prepared to say, but the resolution will bring out all of these facts.

"The reason that so much sugar is being exported upon which a drawback is paid out of the treasury is the high price prevailing in Europe due to the war. Ample profit is being made out of these sales during these extraordinary times, to yield a handsome profit with the drawback eliminated. Should not the government, therefore, before imposing additional and extraordinary taxes upon the people withhold for the time being at least these bounties that are making such heavy inroads into the public funds?

"Why should not these manufacturers be made to contribute their just share of these taxes by foregoing kindness or bounties which the government has shown them in times of peace, but cannot afford now?

"I can see no good reason for any other than an affirmative reply to these questions.

"The question as to whether or not it is proper to make these allowances in times of peace is not involved in this question and that was the basis of a letter written by Mr. Wooten. But even if we consider it from that viewpoint, there can be no question that this same provision of the law has been used in the past by the American Sugar Refining Company and its allies as a weapon to create a condition about which the sugar planters in Louisiana and our island possessions have long complained.

Rebate Ninety Nine Per Cent

"This is apparent. If one will recall the interview given in New Orleans by the president of the American Sugar Refining Company, while on a recent visit to Louisiana. He said, as I recall it, that Louisiana sugar was the least desirable as a marketable article of any sugar refined in this country. Now the reason for that statement is obvious. Sugars imported from foreign countries, pay a given rate of duty, and when refined and shipped abroad a refund is given to the refiners by the treasury of ninety-nine per cent of the duty paid on that sugar.

"When Cuban sugar is refined and exported the refund is the same, less the twenty per cent allowed Cuba under our treaty. So, Cuban sugar refined in the United States is not as valuable from the refiners' standpoint, as other foreign sugars when placed on the world's market. And inasmuch as no refund is allowed at all on Louisiana and Texas sugars or our island sugars from Porto Rico and Hawaii since these sugars pay no duty, they are the least valuable from the refiners' viewpoint of any sugars on the world's market.

"So much for the merits of this proposition which, as I say, is not at all in contemplation of being involved in my resolution recently passed by the senate.

"It is quite apparent, however, that for the first time the Sugar Trust, who with its friends everywhere has in the past charged Louisiana, Texas, Porto Rico and Hawaiian cane sugar, men with seeking to get an advantage through legislation, now finds itself on the defensive.

"It is now called upon to defend itself for taking money out of the treasury.

NIAGARA HERE DAY EARLY FROM SOUTH

C.-A. Steamer Has Thirty-five Cabin Passengers For Honolulu From Sydney

Eighteen hours or so ahead of time, the Canadian-Australasian steamer Niagara arrived from Sydney, Auckland and Suva yesterday afternoon, and will sail at five o'clock this morning for Victoria and Vancouver, taking mail, passengers and freight. She docked at Pier 7.

A fair passage was reported. The voyage from Suva, although fast, was not a record, for others have been faster.

Capt. J. T. Rolls is master and C. E. Leighton is purser.

Eighty-nine for Vancouver

There was a large list for Honolulu. Cabin passengers were thirty-five, second-cabin were fifteen, and steerage three. Through passengers are eighty-nine, first-cabin, sixty-two, second-cabin, and thirty-three steerage. P. W. Wright, whose father makes the gum, will continue to San Francisco from Honolulu. G. Strife, Swiss consul for New Zealand, and Mrs. Strife arrived. Reynolds Denison, Australian theatrical man, was another passenger. Moriel Starr and Charles Millward are the theatrical folk.

For Honolulu the Niagara brought ninety tons: 1000 bags of onions, 400 cases of condensed milk, fifty of jam and two tons of sundries.

Wool and Hides Through

Through freight is 4500 tons. 7200 bales of wool, 2400 cases of gum, 3000 bales of hides and sheepskins and 2200 cases of butter.

Sir Joseph Ward, former premier of New Zealand and now leader of the opposition, and Premier Massey, expected for the second time in the Niagara, were not aboard. Vancouver had asked as to their presence on the former upward voyage.

Former Purser Thompson of the Niagara is still in training camp at Auckland.

Passengers from Honolulu will be thirty-three first-cabin, six second-cabin and three steerage, a total of forty-two. Cargo out will be fifty-three tons. Fuel oil taken here was 4500 barrels.

CONGRESS MAY INSIST UPON GREATER POWERS

George McK. McClellan yesterday cabled to Delegate Kuhio that there is a possibility that the committee which has the public utilities commission bill in hand, may insist upon the amendment of the franchise of the gas and electric companies, so as to give the commission power to force extensions where it is deemed necessary or beneficial. The cablegram follows:

"The recommendation of the public utilities commission inclines the committee to insist upon the amendment of the franchise of the gas and electric companies, to give the public utilities commission power to compel extensions. Hamilton (one of the members of the committee) threatens to introduce a bill repealing the franchise of the gas company, if this corporation refuses to give its consent to the amendment suggested by the commission."

CELEBRATION IN HONOR OF SAINT PATRICK'S DAY

All men who at one time or another have lived in the Y. M. C. A. territory will be invited to a "big St. Patrick's night" celebration which will go out within a few days, and there will be "platform stunts and gym stunts." The "bowling alleys and billiard room will be thrown open to women at this time.

while the country is being burdened with extra taxes, and thus the Refining Trust is forced to reverse its entire past position.

Unusual Refinery Profits

"Of course, it is known here in Washington, as it is known in Louisiana, that the Sugar Trust has its friends in that State like it has in Washington, New York and elsewhere. These friends hearing the Refining Trust complain that part of the undue profits it makes because of this bounty of our government is likely to be swept away by legislation, are joining out of sheer sympathy, and possibly in some cases out of interest, though I hope not in Louisiana, in opposing this effort to compel it to curtail that part of its unusual profits.

"The sentiment suggested by my senate resolution is very favorable here in congress. We see, for instance, the speaker of the house complaining of the tax, taxes and demanding a refund in part. We had a large contingent in both branches of congress demanding that those who are making unusual profits in the manufacture of munitions of war, be made to contribute a fair share to the cost of government, and that the masses of the people be relieved as much as possible from the extraordinary taxes which have been imposed upon them through no fault of their own.

Make Them Disgorge

"We will find a great many people strongly inclined to make other manufacturers, who are making extraordinary profits, disgorge or forego part of their unusual earnings, so as to lessen the burdens of taxation already imposed, and to be further imposed upon our people, in such an extraordinary manner in time of absolute peace.

"He assured that whatever may be the effect of my resolution with respect to drawbacks, it cannot possibly have an adverse effect on the contemplated legislation to repeal the free sugar clause of the Underwood law."

CIRCUIT JURISTS ARE 'TWIXT DEVIL AND DEEP BLUE SEA

They All Declare 'Mills of Gods' Cannot Grind Without Money For Expenses

WHERE THAT IS COMING FROM NO PERSON KNOWS

Supervisors Powerless, Legislative Relief Improbable and Governor Is Uncertain

"Sir—The appropriation heretofore made to carry the expenses of the first circuit court is exhausted and your attention is respectfully called to Act 86, Session Laws of Hawaii, 1915, with regard to the incurring of expense in the absence of an appropriation."

Worded as above, a letter signed by James W. Lloyd, deputy city auditor, was placed in the hands of the three circuit judges, their court clerks, Henry Smith and his deputy, John A. Dominis, and even S. W. Kalekale, messenger in the clerk's office and bailiff of the territorial grand jury, yesterday by Representative Eli J. Crawford of the city auditor's office.

"No money, no court," was invariably the answer of the officials concerned when asked yesterday what was the outlook for the future in the matter of securing funds to keep the circuit court divisions and its branches going.

Expense Account Overdrawn

The appropriation for court expenses, out of which grand and trial jurors, bailiffs and office expenses are paid, is said to have been already overdrawn to the tune of \$8000 or more. The supervisors are specifically forbidden by law to pay any money in excess of the appropriations made, but in the matter of the court expenses they had no say whatever as the appropriation was fixed by the last legislature.

It is claimed that where the legislature was lavish in appropriating money for less important items, it was extremely miserly in its consideration of the local circuit court, whose business increases at a rapid rate from year to year, the expense augmenting in proportion to the increase of business.

The supervisors see no way out of it, although the city auditor's force is turning the midnight oil in an attempt to locate a loop hole somewhere by which they may come to the aid of the judiciary. So far, the city auditor and his several deputies have been unable to see daylight ahead and a safe course for the city fathers to pursue if they are to come to the assistance of the financially stranded courts at all.

Legislature Fixed Amount

The legislature appropriated only \$20,000 for the local circuit court expenses for the two years ending on June 30, 1917. Half of this amount, or \$10,000, apportioned for the year ending June 30, 1916, was exhausted long ago and, it is claimed, more than \$8000 of the \$14,500 apportioned for the twelve months following June 30 next has also gone. This leaves less than \$6500 on hand to carry on the work of the courts from July 1, this year, to June 30, next year.

As the supervisors understand the law they cannot appropriate money to help the courts in that fixed by the legislature for court expenses. Heavy fines and jail sentences stare them in the face. Likewise, should the circuit judges and their clerks incur excess liabilities it is understood the law will hold them responsible in like manner.

Ways Out of Pileup

The only way out of the difficulty, it is claimed, appears to be for the Governor to call a special session of the legislature to meet the situation. The compensation of the fifteen senators and thirty representatives for the special session would amount to \$8000, with \$1000, more or less, to be thrown in for mileage of the members, and from \$5000 to \$10,000 for clerk, clerical hire and running expenses of the lawmakers.

One other way out of the difficulty would be for the Governor to set aside from his contingent fund of \$50,000, intended primarily by the legislature to fill such gaps in finances as the present one in judiciary circles, it is claimed, sufficient money to carry the courts until the ninth legislature of the Territory convenes in February of next year. Just what is the present "drawing power" of the Governor's contingent fund, is a mystery, claim others, who doubt if there is enough money in the fund now to bridge the court expense gap, even if Governor Pinkham was minded to use the rescue of the judiciary in this manner.

Situation Rather Interesting

The situation, as it is today and as sized-up by eminent judges, clerks, lawyers and others interested, is most interesting.

"We're between the devil and the deep blue sea," said one jurist yesterday.

"How can I work if I no get money for pay?" asked Halilid Kalekale. "More better I get vacation now."

He had been notified during the day by the city auditor that he might work all right, if he cared to, but that he need not look for his salary warrant on March 31, or for some months after that.

Of the circuit jurists least hit by the bankruptcy of the courts here is Judge Whitney. His division seldom has jury trials, which are always expensive. Nor has he a grand jury to pay every week. His trial jurors, who had been summoned for the first time this year for last Wednesday, have been excused un-

MAYOR PROPOSES CITY BOND ISSUE

He Would Erect Municipal Building and Complete Round-the-Island Highway

Mayor Lane announced yesterday that he is considering the advisability of advocating a bond issue for the erection of a city hall and the building of roads around the ends of this island, from Waialeale to Kailua, and from Wainane to join with the Wailua district.

The matter will be discussed with the heads of the financial departments of the city and the supervisors, with an idea of getting the opinions of the officials as to the timeliness of the proposition.

This city, with a tax valuation of possibly \$65,000,000, is not bonded at all, though there were bonds of the Territory issued in behalf of city work, and the water and sewer works are carrying bonds issued many years ago by the Territory and amounting to about \$1,500,000.

Municipal Building Wanted

The mayor has an issue this year of about \$45,000, of which \$20,000 will be spent for a city hall to be erected preferably in the civic center as advocated by Governor Pinkham, and the balance will be expended on the belt road now uncompleted and the two new projects mentioned.

Considering the time necessary to complete the plans and specifications for the work, and the time necessary for the calling and holding of the election to pass on the bonding of the city, it should be well along towards the end of the present year before anything can be done.

Should the mayor's proposal meet with the approval of the supervisors, the several civic bodies will be appealed to for their advice as to the advisability of the issue and a campaign will be made among the voters to explain to them the scheme to bond the city.

Has No Bonded Indebtedness

Honolulu is one of the few cities of the United States of the same importance and wealth that has no bonded indebtedness. More than twenty city governments of the mainland, the value of the real and personal property of which is about that of the city of Honolulu, on the full cash value, are bonded for public improvements at from \$750,000 to \$5,000,000. Some of these cities have the commission form of government, while others have not, but they are all progressive towns. The populations of most are far greater or than that of Honolulu but their importance is not any greater.

SUGAR SHIPMENTS SINCE JANUARY 1, 80,000 TONS

Eighty thousand tons of sugar had been shipped out of the Territory to eastern refineries by March 1, according to figures made public by the Sugar Factors Company yesterday. The estimated total for the 1916 crop is 497,060 tons.

Further notice of the court and good news known when they will be again told to answer rollcall at three dollars per diem and mileage, in some instances, each.

Whitney Not Worried

Judge Whitney's land and juvenile courts have separate appropriations and these are far from exhausted. Of the \$6000 appropriated for the land court, \$4000 has been used to date. The juvenile court is likewise in good financial standing. The probate court, also handled by Judge Whitney, gets along with but little expense, as all advertising fees are paid by the litigants out of the costs deposited with the cases filed.

The hardest hit is Judge Ashford's division, which handles all the criminal cases and where juries are required five days a week, as a rule. He has also the grand jury to pay. Judge Stuart often has jury trials in civil suits.

No jury rollcalls are heard in these divisions of the circuit court now. Judge Ashford is holding only sham proceedings; Judge Stuart calmly sits in his office and awaits what the future may bring him. The grand jury, which meets every Friday, lapsed last week and will do again today, as reported in The Advertiser yesterday.

This is the situation in the big judiciary building today.

Even without the services of grand and trial jurors, there are certain cases for expenditures to be met, such as for office stationery and the like. The clerks are now very economical with their paper and typewriter ribbons. Should one of the several typewriters and dictaphones in the courts break down they will have to remain "broken" in all senses.

Judges' Pay Is Safe

Fortunate, however, are the three circuit judges. Their salaries come regularly every month from the treasury department, through the department of justice in Washington, and are paid to the judges by Marshal Sandidy with great regularity, except when he leaves the Territory, as was the case during his recent trip to Samoa after an alleged refugee from justice.

Clerk Henry Smith of the circuit court and his deputy, John A. Dominis, the clerks and deputy clerks, the stenographers and interpreters are equally fortunate, for their salaries, although paid by the city treasury, come from specific appropriations which Auditor Riecknell and Treasurer Gunkling make sure are never overdrawn.

TROUBLE Averted

That little cold and sore throat of yours must be checked at once or it may develop into something worse. Taken a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and your troubles will soon vanish. For sale by all dealers. Bennett Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

WATER FRONT NEWS

By str. Mauna Kea, Feb. 29—Hilo—C. Gross and wife, Dr. Byrd, J. G. Wright, Misses Fitzgerald (2), Miss Barish, Mrs. E. C. Rosenberg, A. E. Griffin and wife, Miss K. Griffin, Mrs. S. D. Brooks, H. E. Carleton and wife, A. J. Moore and wife, Miss Brown, A. S. Clarke, E. N. Holmes and wife, C. J. Hutchins and wife, M. J. Dalton, J. C. Black, J. Wacholder, D. B. Macdonald, J. D. Paris and wife, Master Paris, William Knight, Maj. A. S. Conklin, R. T. Moses, Mrs. J. S. Conklin, A. Lidgate, A. M. Webster, Miss Kelson, Mrs. J. Gonnard, Bishop Lewis and wife, W. R. Coombs, T. J. McGrath, K. Kobayashi.

LAHAINA—Miss C. Ah Fook, Father Bruno, H. R. Penhall, Mr. Nolan and wife, Mr. Tozart.

By str. Maui from Kailua, March 1—Mrs. H. Kaipo, C. W. Brewer, H. A. Awana, W. C. Akana, Judge Dickey, Mrs. J. Donald, Master Donald, Ben Mahoe, Misses Mahoe (3), W. H. Chang.

By str. Claudine from Maui, March 2—Mrs. Lin Wai, K. Jomoto, B. P. Vickers, K. J. Silva, L. M. Judd, Tom Joe, H. Tanaka, Mrs. L. Carpenter, Miss E. Carpenter, Mrs. W. Thompson, J. Palmer, Misses Goo Lip (3), Master Goo Lip, Miss Ayan, Ah Fook, Mr. and Mrs. Hakakana, Ah Ping, C. Ayan, E. Gay, L. Gay, Miss Ting, Mrs. M. Dickson, and child, Mr. and Mrs. E. Hubbard, Miss M. Groves, W. L. Bergstrom, Julia A. Norton, S. A. Bahiwin, J. Mitchell, Miss E. Gaspar, M. Tavares Jr., Mrs. G. Peterson, Miss L. Robinson, M. Alana, Mrs. Keola, Mr. and Mrs. E. Kruger, Kwong Song, Mrs. C. G. White, W. G. Scott, A. F. Tavares, Miss Tavares, Tavares, Jr., and Mrs. H. W. Rife, F. E. Howell, D. P. Isenberg, A. Haneberg and forty deck passengers.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE By Merchants' Exchange

San Francisco—Arrived, Feb. 29, 4 a. m., str. Wilhelmnia, hence Feb. 23. San Francisco—Sailed, Feb. 29, 2:10 p. m., str. Ventura, for Honolulu. Hilo—Sailed, Feb. 28, 7 p. m., str. San Francisco, for San Francisco. Feb. 29, 4:20 p. m., steamer Lauina for Honolulu.

San Francisco—Arrived March 2, 9 a. m., str. Great Northern, hence Feb. 26.

PORT OF HONOLULU

ARRIVED

Str. Mauna Loa from Hawaii, 4:30 a. m. Str. Mauna Kea from Hilo, 6:50 a. m. Str. Matsonia from San Francisco, 7:30 a. m. Str. City of Puebla from San Francisco, 7:45 a. m. Str. Sonoma from Sydney, 7:55 a. m. Str. Nihuan from Hawaii, 12 noon. Str. Maui from Kailua, 4 a. m. Str. Claudine from Maui, 6:30 a. m. Str. Niagara from Sydney, 4 p. m. Str. Persia from Yokohama, 5:10 p. m.

DEPARTED

Str. Shoshone for Hawaii, 10:45 a. m. U. S. N. Collier Nereus for Guam and Manila, 1:30 p. m. Str. Mauna Kea for San Francisco, 4:30 p. m. Str. Kiana for Kailua, 4:40 p. m. Str. Sonoma for San Francisco, 5:30 p. m. Str. Mikahala for Molokai, 5:45 p. m. Str. Mauna Kea for Hilo, 10 a. m. Str. W. G. Hall for Hawaii, 11:10 a. m. Str. Alaskan for Maui, 5:30 p. m. U. S. N. Collier Proteus for Nagasaki and Manila, 6:40 a. m. Str. Matsonia for Hilo, 5 p. m. Str. Maui for Kailua, 5:10 p. m.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED

By str. Matsonia, from San Francisco, Feb. 29—Dr. Charles Adams, Mrs. Charles Adams and maid, Mrs. Mild Adams, Miss Frances T. Adler, Mrs. I. D. Adler, Mrs. B. A. Angus, M. B. Augur, Miss E. Austin, Miss Florence Avery, Dr. Hugh Avery, F. W. Bando, Mrs. I. P. Bell, W. S. Berry, Chas. G. Bill, Mrs. Chas. G. Bill, Mrs. Robt. Billington, C. G. Backus, E. A. Buford, Geo. O. Carpenter, Mrs. Geo. O. Carpenter, E. Carleton, Mrs. Rev. Stephen Alencaster, Mrs. Louise Chapin, Mrs. Leo Claremont, Miss Mary Clark, Miss Norma Costa, C. C. Curtis, Mrs. C. C. Curtis, Miss Marion Curtis, Palmer Day, A. M. Day, Mrs. A. M. Day, Mrs. L. D. DeGree, Miss Mary Rose Devereaux, John P. Dickinson, P. Dohmann, Mrs. P. Dohmann, Miss Helen Driscoll, Miss Leontine Dwyer, F. B. Elkins, G. Eilers, J. L. Emerson, Mrs. L. L. Emerson, Mrs. Chas. F. Emerson, Miss Lucile Emerson, Miss Helen B. Emerson, H. S. Everett, Mrs. H. S. Everett, P. C. Farwell, Mrs. F. C. Farwell, Miss Elizabeth Farwell, Wm. Fahnstok, Mrs. Wm. Fahnstok, Mrs. Fay, Fields, Mrs. M. E. Forrest, Mrs. Furey, H. B. Gilford, Miss Charlotte Gillet, Miss Frances K. Gillet, H. St. Gair, Mrs. A. F. Goodrich, Mrs. E. A. Gordon, Mrs. C. A. Grove, Mrs. M. Harrell, T. W. Harris, Carl S. Hermann, Dr. A. O. Holmes, Mrs. A. O. Holmes, Miss Margaret Houghteling, Mrs. Paul Isenberg, T. W. Johnson, Miss Chester Johnston, J. L. Kalaniani'oune, W. S. Keeler, Mrs. W. S. Keeler, Miss L. King, Miss E. Lennox, H. Lewis, Mrs. H. Lewis, Mrs. Anthony Lidgate, E. Livingston, Mrs. Florence F. Looney, Mrs. M. Mackenzie, J. Magee, J. A. Marshall, Mrs. J. A. Marshall, Mrs. D. M. Martin, Mrs. E. M. Martin, A. H. Martin, Carl Martin, Mrs. E. A. McAlpin, Mrs. Della McAlpin, Mrs. E. McAlpin, Judge W. D. McHugh, Mrs. W. D. McHugh, A. B. Meender, Miss C. S. Meender, Miss Grace Merrill, Miss Lillian Merrill, Mrs. S. A. Millard, Miss Annie Monroe, F. H. Montgomery, Mrs. N. Natto, H. E. Naata, Miss Edna Neil, C. W. Nibley, Mrs. C. W. Nibley, Miss Julia Norton, J. O. O'Brien, W. R. Ogden, Mrs. W. R. Ogden, W. R. Ogden, Jr., Courtland Palmer, Mrs. C. A. Peterson, L. Pittenger, Mrs. R. S. Philips, Nathan Putnam, G. H. A. Reeb, D. P. Reuten, O. G. Richie, Mrs. O. G. Richie, Mrs. O. G. Richie, Miss Mary Roberts, A. A. Robinson, J. W. Rogers, J. D. Ryan, Mrs. J. D. Ryan, Judge Walter D. W. Sherwood, Dr. A. L. Shockley, Mrs. A. L. Shockley, Clement C. Smith, Mrs. Clement C. Smith, Joseph P. Smith, Mrs. Joseph P. Smith, Miss Frances E. Smith, W. H. Smith, Mrs. W. H. Smith, Miss Annie Soderstrom, Miss Margaret Stiles, Mrs. J. Stock, D. A. Taggart, J. A. Taggart, J. A. Theobald, H. N. Thompson, Mrs. H. N. Thompson, Miss Thompson, Master R. G. Wadsworth, Jr., G. R. Wadsworth, Mrs. G. R. Wadsworth, W. Wadsworth, Miss Florence Wadsworth, Miss M. J. Walker, Gov. David L. Walsh, Mrs. Earl Weir, Mrs. O. S. Walby, Miss F. S. Wenmore, Master White, Mrs. White, Hugh E. Whitney, Mrs. Hugh E. Whitney, R. R. Zane, Mrs. and Mrs. W. C. Butler and Miss E. Lidgate.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED

By str. Sonoma for San Francisco, February 29—Mr. and Mrs. Abrahamson, Miss M. Abrahamson, Miss Julia Abrahamson, Mr. and Mrs. James Brown, B. C. Cressman, Miss Frances Cowels, J. Walter Dwyer, Miss J. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Hays, Mrs. E. W. Holloway, Mrs. Spencer Hornaday, Mr. and Mrs. John Hourigan, Mrs. Hourigan, Mrs. M. B. Lee, Lady Langer, Mr. J. H. Lynch, Mrs. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Mendelsohn, William H. Manaton, Mrs. L. W. Merriman, Mr. and Mrs. W. Craig McDowell, L. McFarlane, Mr. and Mrs. H. Moroney, Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Mara, Mrs. D. F. Foley, H. L. Rodman, Miss Edith Smith, Miss H. Smith, Mrs. C. E. Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Starr, F. S. Stott, Mr. and H. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Tozart, Mrs. R. Wagner, Miss V. White, Miss M. G. Anderson, W. Bleakley, J. J. Clarkson, Mrs. M. J. Carmody, Master W. J. Carmody, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Tree, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ertzinger, Master H. Ertzinger, Mr. and Mrs. G. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. M. Golden, Rev. and Mrs. W. G. Hills, Master P. Hills, Mr. and Mrs. G. Hickey, Mrs. M. Henderson, P. Hasland, B. Kincaid, Mrs. N. Lewis, Mrs. E. Lee, Miss M. Miller, W. Magee, A. L. Mayo, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Nolan, Mrs. R. B. Rose, Mrs. B. Rodger, A. E. Stock, Mrs. M. W. Scott, Mrs. J. Trotter, Mrs. A. Tyrell, E. Tyrell, H. Winter.

By str. Mauna Kea for Hilo, March 1—Mrs. F. W. Hardy, Miss I. B. Aik, Mrs. M. S. Salema, Miss C. Salema, Master E. Salema, H. Johnson, L. E. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. G. Taylor, J. B. Bowman, W. L. Deeto, H. G. Shuser, Mrs. M. L. Deeto, Mr. and Mrs. Lidgate, Miss Lidgate, Mrs. Gannon, W. C. Palukhorst, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Brainer, L. V. Chio, S. P. Lin, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Kennedy, J. D. K. Murphy, K. Kennedy, H. L. Ross, G. F. Campbell, Mrs. F. W. Thrum, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Muleitner, L. W. Branch, George Goldie, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Dana, E. Mau, S. Pupuki, Miss Werner, L. R. Warner, Mrs. Miyoshi, Mrs. Mawamara, Mrs. Takagi, Mrs. Makino, A. S. Clarke, L. K. Smith, P. Anderson, L. C. Wadsworth, George Casper, J. G. Andrews, G. Rouahan, F. W. Milverton, W. McGaughey, A. S. Downey, W. W. Frost, O. S. Sorenson, T. B. Newell, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Naquin, Master Haganes, Mrs. H. Haganes, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Porter, Miss M. Rich, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Albin, Mrs. Biph, Rev. S. W. Park, L. E. Chan, Mrs. Souza, Mrs. S. Souza, Mrs. A. A. Hopper, Mrs. Naulaha, T. Vredenberg, William T. Raykow, C. B. Hall, Mrs. Shelton, H. J. Meyer, Master Meyer, A. F. Scott, S. Y. Young.

By str. Maui for Kailua, March 2—G. N. Wilcox, C. A. Scott, A. Kua, T. W. Harris, John A. Palmer, Mrs. C. E. Hennan, A. Horner Jr., S. H. Alu.

By str. Mauna Kea returned to the Mauna Kea yesterday from a business tour of Hawaii and Maui.

Honolulu Stock Exchange

Thursday, March 2, 1916.

| Name of Stock | Bid | Ask |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| Mercantile | | |
| Alexander & Baldwin | 245 | |
| C. Brewer & Co. | 325 | |
| Sugar | | |
| Ewa Plantation Co. | 31 1/2 | 32 |
| Haleiwa Sugar Co. | 240 | 242 1/2 |
| Haw N. Apr. Co. | 200 | |
| Hawaiian Com'l Sugar | 47 1/2 | 48 1/2 |
| Honolulu Sugar Co. | 13 1/2 | 14 1/2 |
| Honolulu Sugar Co. | 8 1/2 | 8 3/4 |
| Honolulu Sugar Co. | 181 | |
| Hutchinson Sug. Co. | 34 | |
| Kahuku Plant'g Co. | 20 | |
| Kekaha Sugar Co. | 172 1/2 | 175 |
| Koloa Sugar Co. | 180 | |
| Maui Sugar Co. | 12 1/2 | 13 |
| Oahu Sugar Co. | 33 1/2 | 34 1/2 |
| Oahu Sugar Co. | 16 | 16 1/2 |
| Panahu Plant'g Co. | 21 | 21 1/2 |
| Pacific Sugar Mill | 70 | 101 |
| Plant Plant'g Co. | 240 | 240 1/2 |
| Pineapple Sugar Co. | 150 | |
| Pioneer Mill Co. | 44 1/2 | 44 3/4 |
| San Carlos Mill Co. | 8 1/2 | |
| Waialua Agr. Co. | 33 1/2 | 33 3/4 |
| Waialua Sugar Co. | 100 | |

Miscellaneous

| | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|
| Hauka P. & P. Co. pfd | 19 1/2 | 21 |
| Hawaiian Electric Co. | 167 1/2 | |
| Hawaiian Pine Co. | 35 | 35 1/2 |
| Hilo R. R. Co. pfd | 25 | 25 1/2 |
| Hilo R. R. Co. com | 45 | 45 1/2 |
| Hon. Brew & Malt | 18 1/2 | 18 3/4 |
| Hon. Gas Co. | 107 | 110 |
| H. R. T. & L. Co. | 164 1/2 | |
| I. I. S. N. Y. Co. | 210 | |
| Mutual Tel. Co. | 20 | 20 1/2 |
| O. R. & L. Co. | 151 1/2 | |
| Panahau Rubber Co. | 20 | 20 |
| Tanjong Oluk Rubber | 40 | 40 |

Bonds

| | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| Hankins Ditch 6s | 103 | |
| Haw. Irr. Co. 6s | 95 | |
| Haw. Irr. Imp. 4s | 101 | |
| Hilo R. R. 6s-1900 | 40 | |
| Hilo R. R. R. & Ex. | 35 | 35 1/2 |
| Honolulu Sugar Co. | 95 1/2 | |
| Honolulu Sugar Co. | 102 1/2 | |
| Hon. Gas Co. 5s | 102 | 102 1/2 |
| H. R. T. & L. Co. 6s | 105 | 104 1/2 |
| Kanai Ry. Co. 6s | 100 | 100 |
| Maui Sugar Co. | 1100 | 100 1/2 |
| Mutual Tel. Co. | 106 | |
| O. R. & L. Co. 6s | 105 | 105 1/2 |
| Oahu Sugar Co. | 109 | 109 1/2 |
| Oahu Sugar Co. | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 |
| Pac. G. & Fer. Co. | 105 | |
| Pac. Sug. Mill 6s | 95 | |
| San Carlos Co. | 100 | |

BETWEEN BOARDS

Olan, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 180, 80, 25, 185, 200, 20, 15, 350, 150, 315, 100, 100, 100, 100, 20, 40, 40, 40, 150, 150, 120, 160, 100; Metcalf, 50, 250, 100, 50, 30, 12, 75; McBryde, 60, 25, 12, 87 1/2; McBryde, 200, 40, 110, 30, 130, 100; Breyde, 30, 70, 13, 12 1/2; Waialua, 100, 35, 25; Waialua, 50, 25, 25, 100, 100, 35, 50; Waialua, 20, 250, 50, 110, 25, 10, 206, 30, 15, 33, 75; Onomea, 50, 50, 20, 10, 55, 90; Pioneer, 25, 100, 95, 44, 00; Pioneer, 195, 20, 44, 25; Panahau, 30, 20, 25; Oahu Sugar Co., 100, 100, 100, 100, 15, 60, 60, 32, 75; Kahala, 15, 100, 15; Oahu Sugar Co. 6s, \$1000, 100, 00.